

General Assembly

Amendment

January Session, 2017

LCO No. 8840



Offered by:

SEN. LEONE, 27th Dist.

To: Subst. House Bill No. **7118**

File No. 793

Cal. No. 525

(As Amended by House Amendment Schedule "B")

"AN ACT CONCERNING BIOLOGICAL PRODUCTS."

- Strike everything after the enacting clause and substitute the
- 2 following in lieu thereof:
- 3 "Section 1. Section 20-619 of the general statutes is repealed and the
- 4 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2017*):
- 5 (a) For the purposes of section 20-579 and this section:
- 6 (1) "Biological product" has the same meaning as provided in 42
- 7 <u>USC 262;</u>
- 8 [(1)] (2) "Brand name" means the proprietary or trade name selected
- 9 by the manufacturer and placed upon a drug product, its container,
- 10 label or wrapping at the time of packaging;
- 11 [(2)] (3) "Generic name" means the established name designated in

12 the official United States Pharmacopoeia-National Formulary, official

- 13 Homeopathic Pharmacopoeia of the United States, or official United
- 14 States Adopted Names or any supplement to any of said publications;
- 15 (4) "Interchangeable biological product" means a biological product
- 16 that: (A) The federal Food and Drug Administration has licensed and
- 17 determined to meet the standards for interchangeability pursuant to 42
- 18 USC 262(k)(4), or (B) is therapeutically equivalent to another biological
- 19 product, as set forth in the latest edition of or supplement to the
- 20 federal Food and Drug Administration's publication "Approved Drug
- 21 <u>Products with Therapeutic Equivalence Evaluations";</u>
- 22 [(3)] (5) "Therapeutically equivalent" means drug products that are
- 23 approved under the provisions of the federal Food, Drug and
- 24 Cosmetic Act for interstate distribution and that will provide
- 25 essentially the same efficacy and toxicity when administered to an
- 26 individual in the same dosage regimen;
- [(4)] (6) "Dosage form" means the physical formulation or medium
- 28 in which the product is intended, manufactured and made available
- 29 for use, including, but not limited to, tablets, capsules, oral solutions,
- 30 aerosol, inhalers, gels, lotions, creams, ointments, transdermals and
- 31 suppositories, and the particular form of any physical formulation or
- 32 medium that uses a specific technology or mechanism to control,
- 33 enhance or direct the release, targeting, systemic absorption, or other
- 34 delivery of a dosage regimen in the body;
- 35 [(5)] (7) "Epilepsy" means a neurological condition characterized by
- 36 recurrent seizures; and
- 37 [(6)] (8) "Seizures" means a disturbance in the electrical activity of
- 38 the brain. [; and]
- 39 [(7) "Antiepileptic drug" means a drug prescribed for the treatment
- 40 of epilepsy or a drug used to prevent seizures.]
- 41 (b) Except as limited by subsections [(c), (e) and (i)] (f), (h) and (l) of

this section, unless the purchaser instructs otherwise, the pharmacist may substitute a generic drug product with the same strength, quantity, dose and dosage form as the prescribed drug product which is, in the pharmacist's professional opinion, therapeutically equivalent. When the prescribing practitioner is not reasonably available for consultation and the prescribed drug does not use a unique delivery system technology, the pharmacist may substitute an oral tablet, capsule or liquid form of the prescribed drug as long as the form dispensed has the same strength, dose and dose schedule and is therapeutically equivalent to the drug prescribed. The pharmacist shall inform the patient or a representative of the patient, and the practitioner of the substitution at the earliest reasonable time.

(c) Except as limited by subsections (f), (h) and (l) of this section, unless the purchaser instructs otherwise, the pharmacist may substitute a biological product for a prescribed biological product if:

(1) It is an interchangeable biological product, and (2) the practitioner has not specified, in the manner described in subsection (f) of this section, that there shall be no substitution for the prescribed biological product.

(d) (1) Upon the dispensing of an interchangeable biological product to a patient, the pharmacist shall inform the patient or a representative of the patient of a substitution of an interchangeable biological product for a prescribed biological product. The pharmacist shall make an entry in the patient's medical or pharmacy record documenting such informing of the patient not later than forty-eight hours after he or she has informed the patient or representative of the patient of the substitution, and (2) prior to delivering an interchangeable biological product to a patient through mail, shipment or parcel delivery service, the pharmacist shall contact the patient or a representative of the patient by telephone and inform the patient or representative when the interchangeable biological product will be delivered and confirm that the patient or representative will be present for the delivery. If the patient or a representative of the patient is present, delivery of the interchangeable biological product shall not be made unless the patient

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or a representative of the patient acknowledges receipt of the 76 77 interchangeable biological product in writing. If the patient or a 78 representative of the patient is not present at the time of delivery, the 79 patient or representative of the patient may confirm receipt of the 80 interchangeable biological product pursuant to subsection (n) of this 81 section. Not later than forty-eight hours after contacting the patient, 82 the pharmacist shall make an entry documenting compliance with this subdivision in the patient's medical or pharmacy record, in a manner 83 84 authorized pursuant to subsection (m) of this section.

- (e) Upon the dispensing of an interchangeable biological product, but not later than forty-eight hours following the dispensing of such product, the pharmacist shall inform the prescribing practitioner by facsimile, telephone or electronic transmission of the substitution of such interchangeable biological product for a prescribed biological product.
- [(c)] (f) A prescribing practitioner may specify in writing or by a telephonic or other electronic communication that there shall be no substitution for the specified brand name drug product or prescribed biological product specified on any prescription form, provided (1) for written prescriptions, the practitioner shall specify on the prescription form that the drug product or prescribed biological product is "brand medically necessary" or "no substitution", (2) for prescriptions transmitted by telephonic means, the pharmacist shall specify "brand medically necessary" or "no substitution" on the prescription form in the pharmacist's handwriting or in the electronic prescription record and shall record on the prescription form the time the telephonic authorization was received and the name of the person who communicated the telephonic authorization to the pharmacist, and (3) for prescriptions transmitted by any other electronic communication, the practitioner shall select the dispense as written code on the certified electronic prescription form to indicate that a substitution is not allowed by the practitioner. No prescription form for written prescriptions, and no prescription form for prescriptions transmitted pursuant to subdivision (2) or (3) of this subsection, may default to

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- "brand medically necessary" or "no substitution".
- [(d)] (g) Each pharmacy shall post a sign in a location easily seen by
- patrons at the counter where prescriptions are dispensed stating that,
- 113 "THIS PHARMACY MAY BE ABLE TO SUBSTITUTE A LESS
- 114 EXPENSIVE DRUG PRODUCT <u>OR INTERCHANGEABLE</u>
- 115 BIOLOGICAL PRODUCT WHICH IS THERAPEUTICALLY
- 116 EQUIVALENT TO THE ONE PRESCRIBED BY YOUR DOCTOR
- 117 UNLESS YOU DO NOT APPROVE." The printing on the sign shall be
- in block letters not less than one inch in height.
- [(e)] (h) A pharmacist may substitute a drug product under
- subsection (b) or interchangeable biological product under subsection
- 121 (c) of this section only when there will be a savings in cost passed on to
- the purchaser. The pharmacist shall disclose the amount of the savings
- at the request of the patient.
- [(f)] (i) Except as provided in subsection [(g)] (j) of this section, when
- a pharmacist dispenses a substitute drug product as authorized by
- subsection (b) of this section or an interchangeable biological product
- 127 <u>as authorized by subsection (c) of this section</u>, the pharmacist shall
- 128 label the prescription container with the name of the dispensed drug
- 129 product or interchangeable biological product. If the dispensed drug
- product or interchangeable biological product does not have a brand
- name, the prescription label shall indicate the generic name of the drug
- product or the nonproprietary name of the interchangeable biological
- 133 <u>product</u> dispensed along with the name of the <u>manufacturer of the</u>
- 134 drug [manufacturer or distributor] <u>product or interchangeable</u>
- 135 <u>biological product</u>.
- [(g)] (j) A prescription dispensed by a pharmacist shall bear upon
- the label the name of the drug <u>or biological product</u> in the container
- unless the prescribing practitioner writes "DO NOT LABEL", or words
- of similar import, on the prescription or so designates in an oral or
- 140 electronic transmission of the prescription.
- [(h)] (k) Neither the failure to instruct by the purchaser as provided

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in subsection (b) of this section nor the fact that a sign has been posted as provided in subsection [(d)] (g) of this section shall be a defense on the part of a pharmacist against a suit brought by any such purchaser.

[(i)] (l) Upon the initial filling or renewal of a prescription that contains a statistical information code based upon the most recent edition of the International Classification of Diseases indicating the prescribed drug is used for the treatment of epilepsy or to prevent seizures, a pharmacist shall not fill the prescription by using a different drug manufacturer or distributor of the prescribed drug or biological product, unless the pharmacist (1) provides prior notice of the use of a different drug or biological product manufacturer or distributor to the patient and the prescribing practitioner, and (2) obtains the written consent of the patient's prescribing practitioner. For purposes of obtaining the consent of the patient's prescribing practitioner required by this subsection, a pharmacist shall notify the prescribing practitioner via electronic mail or facsimile transmission. If the prescribing practitioner does not provide the necessary consent, the pharmacist shall fill the prescription without such substitution or use of a different drug or biological product manufacturer or distributor or return the prescription to the patient or to the patient's representative for filling at another pharmacy. If a pharmacist is unable to contact the patient's prescribing practitioner after making reasonable efforts to do so, such pharmacist may exercise professional judgment in refilling a prescription in accordance with the provisions of subsection (b) of section 20-616. For purposes of this subsection, "pharmacy" means a place of business where drugs and devices may be sold at retail and for which a pharmacy license was issued pursuant to section 20-594, including a hospital-based pharmacy when such pharmacy is filling prescriptions for employees and outpatient care, and a mail order pharmacy licensed by this state to distribute in this state. "Pharmacy" does not include a pharmacy serving patients in a long-term care facility, other institutional facility or a pharmacy that provides prescriptions for inpatient hospitals.

(m) Not later than forty-eight hours following the dispensing of an

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interchangeable biological product, the dispensing pharmacist or the 176 177 pharmacist's designee shall make an entry of the specific product provided to the patient, including the name of the product and the 178 179 manufacturer of the product. The entry shall be made in a manner that 180 provides notice to the prescriber and may be made through one of the 181 following means: (1) An interoperable electronic medical records system, (2) an electronic prescribing technology, (3) a pharmacy benefit 182 management system, or (4) a pharmacy record. If the entry is not made 183 184 by any of the means specified in subdivision (1), (2), (3) or (4) of this subsection, the pharmacist shall communicate the product dispensed 185 186 to the prescriber using either facsimile, telephone or electronic transmission, provided such communication shall not be required 187 when a refill prescription is not changed from the product dispensed 188 on the prior filling of the prescription. The provisions of this 189 190 subsection shall not apply to interchangeable biological products 191 dispensed by a pharmacy operated by a hospital licensed in accordance with the provisions of chapter 368v. 192

(n) Each prescription for an interchangeable biological product that is delivered to a patient through mail, shipment or parcel delivery service shall contain a written notice to the patient detailing the specific biological product being shipped, the name of the pharmacist or pharmacy providing the prescription and contact information, including, but not limited to, a telephone number the patient may call to confirm receipt of the interchangeable biological product or if he or she has questions regarding the prescription.

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- [(j)] (o) The commissioner, with the advice and assistance of the commission, shall adopt regulations, in accordance with chapter 54, to carry out the provisions of this section.
- Sec. 2. (NEW) (*Effective October 1, 2017*) Prior to prescribing a biological product, as defined in section 20-619 of the general statutes, as amended by this act, a prescribing practitioner shall discuss with the patient or a representative of the patient the treatment methods, alternatives to and risks associated with the use of such biological

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product. The prescribing practitioner shall document such discussion in the patient's medical record not later than twenty-four hours after such discussion has taken place."

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:		
Section 1	October 1, 2017	20-619
Sec 2	October 1 2017	New section